Age-related expectations: Year Five

MATHS

Number and place value

- read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit
- count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000
- 3. interpret negative numbers in context
- count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, inc through zero 4.
- round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000
- solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above
- read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals

♦ Have a concept of numbers well beyond 1,000,000 and their relative association to distances to planets; historical data and geographical aspects

†Use rounding as a strategy for quickly assessing what approximate answers ought to be before calculating across zero for positive and negati

Addition and subtraction

- add whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columns)
- subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columns)
- add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers
- use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy
- solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.

Multiplication and division

- identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number
- identify common factors of two numbers
- know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers
- establish whether a number up to 100 is prime
- recall prime numbers up to 19
- 18. multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
- multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
- 20. divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method
- interpret remainders appropriately for the context
- 22. multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
- recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and notation for squared (2) and cubed (3)
- 24. solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign
- 25. solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes, scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates
- ◆Divide whole numbers (up to 4 digits) by 2-digit numbers, using preferred method ◆Recognise the symbol for square root (√) and work out square roots for numbers upon the companies of the c

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
- 27. identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths
- 28. recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one to the other
- 29. write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [eg $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$]
- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number
- 31. multiply proper fractions by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams
- 32. multiply mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams
- 33. read and write decimal numbers as fractions [eg 0.71 = $\frac{71}{100}$]
- 34. recognise, use and count in thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
- read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places
- 37. solve problems involving number up to two decimal places
- 38. solve problems involving number up to three decimal places
- 39. recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal
- 40. solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25.